CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK HOUGHTON MIFFLIN HOUGHTON MIFFLIN **CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK DECODING & SPELLING ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE,** Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes FLUENCY, **PRINT CONCEPTS & SKILLS SKILLS & PROCESSES PHONICS STRATEGY** To be successful with this standard, students are To be successful with this Fluency standard, students are expected to • Modeling and explicit explanation: Clarify for Phonics/Decode expected to reading with expression, pausing at period, • engage in reading-aloud activities voluntarily voice reflect exclamation point • isolate and manipulate • read a wide variety of self-selected and teacher-Week 1 phonemes Echo reading selected stories, poems, and informational texts Segmenting and counting phonemes · Rereading familiar text · count phonemes in words with • Triple Clusters (blends) spl, spr, scr, str • Independent reading a maximum of three syllables (Target) use clues of punctuation, including period, question mark, exclamation point, commas, and quotation • Digraphs - sh, th, wh, ch, tch (Target) · identify the onset and rime of **Concepts of Print** marks, to guide their reading • Short vowel words: u (Target) words • Capitals: beginning of sentence, title, proper nouns use expression and intonation to convey meaning generate words that rhyme Week 2 • End punctuation (.?!) and commas when reading aloud with a teacher-given word Segmenting and counting phonemes • Directionality: left to right and return • practice reading in texts on their independent • Blending Long a Words (CVCe); Soft c and segment words by saying each sweep reading level to develop accuracy, fluency, and q (Target) sound • Identify asking and telling sentences expression • Final nd, ng, nk (Target) blend separately spoken phonemes to make word parts demonstrate concepts of print and spoken word by Week 3 tracking print from left to right and top to bottom and words with one to three Segmenting and counting phonemes **Phonics/Decoding Strategy** following print from one line to the next line syllables • Blending Long i Words (CVCe) (Target) (return sweep) Look carefully at the word. identify whether the middle • Contractions – she'll, I've, don't, it's, etc. matching spoken words to print • Look for word parts you know and think vowel sound is the same or (Target) about the sounds for the letters. · identify letters, words, and sentences different in a set of one-• Blend the sounds to read the word. syllable words Phonics/Spelling differentiate between letters and words by • Ask yourself: Is it a word I know? Does it Week 1 ° recognizing spaces between words in sentences sort picture cards by beginning make sense in what I am reading? • Spelling Instruction: Words spelled with locating capital letters in sentences and ending phoneme • If not, ask yourself: What else can I try? locating periods, question marks, and apply knowledge of beginning • Spelling Patterns: -ash, -ush (Target) exclamation points, speech bubbles, and **Phonemic Awareness** and ending consonants and quotation marks. • Routine: isolate and blend phonemes, short vowels in single-syllable Week 2 connect sounds to letters, count sounds in words by • Spelling Instruction: The long a sound words, guide practice recognizing beginning and • Spelling Patterns: -ate, -ake (Target) • Activities: CVC, CVCe, and single-syllable ending consonant sounds words with onset blends separating the sounds in a Week 3 • Rhyme: identifying rhyming words in word word • Spelling Instruction: The long i sound families blending separately spoken • Spelling Patterns: -ite, -ide (Target) phonemes to make a word spelling words accurately decode unknown, orthographically regular, single-syllable words and nonsense words (e.g., sit, zot).

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN HIGH-FREQUENCY WORDS	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN VOCABULARY	ZANER-BLOSER HANDWRITING
To be successful with this standard, students are expected to learn and use new words encountered in discussions and in books that are read aloud use words to orally describe actions, people, places, things, and ideas use words of time and position, including first, second, next, on, under, beside, and over, to give directions orally ask for meanings and clarification of unfamiliar words and ideas use singular and plural nouns appropriately read common high-frequency sight words. participate in a variety of oral language activities, such as listening to and discussing fiction and nonfiction print materials and trade books that reflect the Virginia Standards of Learning in English, history and social science, science, and mathematics listening and responding to stories and poems presented through recordings and experiencing other audiovisual materials in the context of curricular goals and objectives listening to stories and poems read aloud daily participating in discussions about stories and poems talking about words and their meanings as they are encountered in stories, poems, and conversations giving reactions to stories and poems listening and responding to stories and poems presented participate in oral activities, including choral speaking and the reciting of short poems, rhymes, songs, and stories with repeated patterns tell and retell stories and events in logical order by retelling stories orally and through informal drama dictating retelling of stories creating their own stories, poems, plays, and songs indicating first, next, and last events in a story extend the story orally or with drawings express themselves in complete sentences. use appropriate pencil grip use standard letter formation	HIGH-FREQUENCY WORDS • Week 1, Day 2: grow, light, long, more, other, right, room, small, these • Week 2, Day 2: world, house, over, own, so, how, could • Week 3, Day 2: give, little, fly, good, try, our, her, was ORAL LANGUAGE • Retelling (using language of the selection; answering who, where, when, what, how) • Class discussion • Singing songs • Identifying objects on picture cards • Reciting chants, poems • Riddles • Readers' Theater	Week 1 • Antonyms: big/small, heavy/light, rough/smooth, fancy/plain • Size words: big, giant, large, huge, gigantic Week 2 • Social Studies Words: maps, states, lakes, streets, world, towns, etc. • State and Country Names Week 3 • Base words with –ing • Weather Words: rainy, foggy, sunny, wind, cold, hot, sticky	HANDWRITING AND

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CORE COMPREHENSION STRATEGIES	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPREHENSION SKILLS	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN LITERARY CONCEPTS	RESOURCES
To be successful with this standard, students are expected to use prior knowledge to interpret pictures use titles and pictures to make predictions about text use knowledge of the story or topic to make predictions about vocabulary and text preview reading material by looking at the book's cover and illustrations and by reading titles and headings choose a purpose for reading by looking at the illustrations, determining prior knowledge, and predicting the outcome of the selection draw on prior knowledge to make predictions before and during reading make and confirm predictions based on illustrations or portions of the text use knowledge from their own experience to make sense of and talk about a text read various nonfiction forms, including letters, lists, recipes, newspapers, and magazines identify the topic or main idea of a short fiction or nonfiction selection identify characters, setting, and important events answer simple who, what, when, where, why, and how questions about a selection.	 Question (target Week 1) Ask questions that can be answered as you read or after you finish reading. Summarize (target Week 2) Think about the main ideas or the important parts of the selection. Tell in your own words the important things you have read Monitor/Clarify (target Week 3) Ask yourself if what you are reading makes sense or if you are learning what you want to learn. If you don't understand something, reread, read ahead, or use the illustrations. 	Compare and Contrast (target Week 1) Think about how books are similar from other books Compare similarities and differences with character, setting, and events in stories Making Generalizations (Target Week 2) Make statements about something that is true most of the time about everyday objects such as toys. Use pictures, words, and what you already know to say something that is true most of the time about information in a story Cause and effect (target Week 3) While reading, remember that for everything that happens (effect) there is a reason (cause). Remember that understanding what happens and why can help to understand a story. Making predictions Noting details Sequence of events Categorizing and classifying Comparing and contrasting Drawing conclusions Rereading for understanding Comprehension Venn diagram Iisting what students have learned	nn • web diagram cause	 Theme 5: Home Sweet Home (Houghton Mifflin) Alphabet/Letter Books Wordless Picture Books (fiction/story and nonfiction/informational) Decodable Books Predictable Books Appropriate Leveled Books Appropriate Concept Books Breakthrough To Literacy Books Words Their Way Text & Word Sort CD MCPS Word Sort CD

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN FORMS AND GRAMMAR	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN WRITING	ASSESSMENT TOOLS
To be successful with this standard, students are expected to	Language Concepts/Grammar Daily Language Practice	Preparing for Writing • Experience	Theme 5: Home Sweet Home (Houghton Mifflin)
use previous experiences to generate ideas	Week 1	DiscussionShared reading selection	Observational Checklist
 participate in teacher-directed brainstorming activities 	 Capitalizing names and first word of sentence Recognizing complete sentences 	Planning beginning, middle, end	Phonics Decoding Screening Test
 participate in teacher-directed prewriting strategies, such as webbing, clustering, and semantic mapping, to organize ideas 	 Punctuating telling and asking sentences 	Shared Writing	Leveled Reading Passages Assessment Kit
participate in teacher-directed charting activities to organize information	Week 2Identify telling sentences	Class albumClass message	End-of-Selection
write a sentence that focuses on one topic	Week 3	Class letter	Assessment (Multiple
 spell high-frequency sight words and phonetically regular words correctly in final copies 	Identify asking sentences	Interactive Writing	Choice and SOL format) End-of-Theme Assessment
sound out words in order to spell them phonetically		Class albumClass message	Integrated Theme Test or Theme Skills Test
use correct end punctuation		Class Hessage Class letter	Spelling activities and/or
begin each sentence with a capital letter			test
 use familiar writing forms, including lists, letters, stories, reports, messages, and poems 		Independent Writing	Daily Writing Activities
create artwork or a written response that shows comprehension of a selection		Writing sentences on a topicWriting questions and answers to	Student Practice Book Activities
extend the story orally or with drawings		questions	
share writing with others.		Writing a story	